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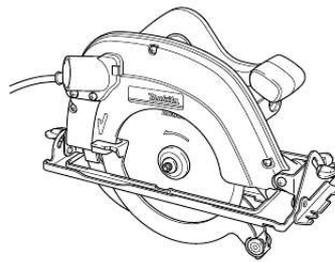
You can read the recommendations in the user guide, the technical guide or the installation guide for MAKITA 5704R. You'll find the answers to all your questions on the MAKITA 5704R in the user manual (information, specifications, safety advice, size, accessories, etc.). Detailed instructions for use are in the User's Guide.

User manual MAKITA 5704R
User guide MAKITA 5704R
Operating instructions MAKITA 5704R
Instructions for use MAKITA 5704R
Instruction manual MAKITA 5704R



GB Circular Saw	Instruction Manual
F Scie circulaire	Manuel d'instructions
D Handkreissäge	Betriebsanleitung
I Sega circolare	Istruzioni per l'uso
NL Cirkelzaagmachine	Gebruiksaanwijzing
E Sierra circular	Manual de instrucciones
P Serra circular	Manual de instruções
DK Rundsav	Brugsanvisning
GR Δισκοπρίονο	Οδηγίες χρήσεως

5704R



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Manual abstract:

To avoid kickback, do support board or panel near the cut. Do not support board or panel away from the cut. Lever Clamping screw 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 Base Cutting line Setting protuberances Hex socket head bolt (For adjusting riving knife) Cutting depth Switch trigger Lock-off button Hex wrench Shaft lock 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 Hex socket head bolt Outer flange Saw blade Inner flange Vacuum cleaner Rip fence (Guide rule) Limit mark Brush holder cap Screwdriver Cutting depth at 45° No load speed (min Overall length Net weight Safety class - Due to our continuing program of research and development, the specifications herein are subject to change without notice. - Specifications may differ from country to country. - Weight according to EPTA-Procedure 01/2003 Intended use The tool is intended for performing lengthways and crossways straight cuts and mitre cuts with angles in wood while in firm contact with the workpiece. Power supply The tool should be connected only to a power supply of the same voltage as indicated on the nameplate, and can only be operated on single-phase AC supply. They are double-insulated in accordance with European Standard and can, therefore, also be used from sockets without earth wire. Keep hands away from cutting area and the blade. keep your second hand on auxiliary handle , or motor housing. If both hands are holding the saw, they cannot be cut by the blade.

The guard cannot protect you from the blade below the workpiece. Do not attempt to remove cut material when blade is moving. **CAUTION:** Blades coast after turn off. Wait until blade stops before grasping cut material. Less than a full tooth of the blade teeth should be visible below the workpiece.

4. Never hold piece being cut in your hands or across your leg. secure the workpiece to stable platform. It is important to support the work properly to minimize body exposure, blade binding, or loss of control. Hold power tool by insulated gripping surfaces when performing an operation where the cutting tool may contact hidden wiring or its own cord.

Contact with a "live" wire will also make exposed metal parts of the power tool "live" and shock the operator. 6. When ripping always use a rip fence or straight edge guide. This improves the accuracy cut and reduces the chance of blade binding. 7. Save all warnings and instructions for future reference. **DO NOT** let comfort or familiarity with product (gained from repeated use) replace strict adherence to circular saw safety rules. If you use this tool unsafely or incorrectly, you can suffer serious personal injury. **Causes and Operator Prevention of Kickback:** - Kickback is a sudden reaction to a pinched, bound or misaligned saw blade, causing an uncontrolled saw to lift up and out of the workpiece toward the operator; - when the blade is pinched or bound tightly by the kerf closing down, the blade stalls and the motor reaction drives the unit rapidly back toward the operator; - if the blade becomes twisted or misaligned in the cut, the teeth at the back edge of the blade can dig into the top surface of the wood causing the blade to climb out of the kerf and jump back toward the operator. Kickback is the result of saw misuse and/or incorrect operating procedures or conditions and can be avoided by taking proper precautions as given below.

- Maintain a firm grip with both hands on the saw and position your arms to resist kickback forces. Position your body to either side of the blade, but not in line with the blade. Kickback could cause the saw to jump backwards, but kickback forces can be controlled by the operator, if proper precautions are taken. - When blade is binding, or when interrupting a cut for any reason, release the trigger and hold the saw motionless in the material until the blade comes to a complete stop. Never attempt to remove the saw from the work or pull the saw backward while the blade is in motion or kickback may occur. When restarting a saw in the workpiece, centre the saw blade in the kerf and check that saw teeth are not engaged into the material. If saw blade is binding, it may walk up or kickback from the workpiece as the saw is restarted. - Support large panels to minimise the risk of blade pinching and kickback. Large panels tend to sag under their own weight. Supports must be placed under the panel on both sides, near the line of cut and near the edge of the panel. to minimize the risk of blade pinching and kickback. When cutting operation requires the resting of the saw on the workpiece, the saw should be rested on the larger portion and the smaller piece cut off. Gum and wood pitch hardened on blades slows saw and increases potential for kickback. Keep blade clean by first removing it from tool, then cleaning it with gum and pitch remover, hot water or kerosene. Blade depth and bevel adjusting locking levers must be tight and secure before making cut.

If blade adjustment shifts while cutting, it may cause binding and kickback. - Use extra caution when making a "plunge cut" into existing walls or other blind areas. The protruding blade may cut objects that can cause kickback. **NEVER** place your hand or fingers behind the saw. If kickback occurs, the saw could easily jump backwards over your hand, leading to serious personal injury.

- Check lower guard for proper closing before each use. - Never clamp or tie the lower guard into the open position. If saw is accidentally dropped, lower guard may be bent. - check the operation of the lower guard spring. - For all other sawing, the lower guard should operate automatically. - Use the appropriate riving knife for the blade being used. - Adjust the riving knife as described in this instruction manual. - Always use the riving knife except when plunge cutting. Riving knife must be replaced after plunge cutting. - For the riving knife to work, it must be engaged in the workpiece.

- Do not operate the saw if riving knife is bent. Even a light interference can slow the closing rate of a guard. - Inspect for and remove all nails from lumber before cutting. 21. - as examples , Fig. 5 illustrates the **RIGHT** way to cut off the end of a board, and Fig. 6 the **WRONG** way. If the workpiece is short or small, clamp it down. - This is extremely dangerous and can lead to serious accidents. Some material contains chemicals which may be toxic.

Take caution to prevent dust inhalation and skin contact. Follow material supplier safety data. 24. Do not stop the blades by lateral pressure on the saw blade. 25.

Always use blades recommended in this manual. Do not use any abrasive wheels. 26. Wear a dust mask and hearing protection when use the tool. Ensure that the riving knife is adjusted such that: The distance between the riving knife and the toothed rim of the saw blade is not more than 5 mm.

The toothed rim does not extend more than 5 mm beyond the lower edge of the riving knife.



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Before plugging in the tool, always check to see that the switch trigger actuates properly and returns to the "OFF" position when released. To prevent the switch trigger from being accidentally pulled, a lock-off button is provided. To start the tool, push in the lock-off button and pull the switch trigger. Always be sure that the tool is switched off and unplugged before carrying out any work on the tool. The following blade can be used with this tool. **WARNING: MISUSE or failure to follow the safety rules stated in this instruction manual may cause serious personal injury. Always be sure that the tool is switched off and unplugged before adjusting or checking function on the tool. Do not use saw blades which do not comply with the characteristics specified in these instructions. Do not use saw blades the disc of which is thicker or the set of which is smaller than the thickness of the riving knife.**

CAUTION: Be sure the blade is installed with teeth pointing up at the front of the tool. To remove the blade, press the shaft lock fully so that the blade cannot revolve and use the hex wrench to loosen the hex bolt counterclockwise. When changing blade, make sure to also clean upper and lower blade guards of accumulated sawdust. Such efforts do not, however, replace the need to check lower guard operation before each use. Use the correct side for the hole diameter of the blade you intend to use. Mounting the blade on the wrong side can result in dangerous vibration. After adjusting the depth of cut, always tighten the lever securely. For cleaner, safer cuts, set cut depth so that no more than one blade tooth projects below workpiece. Using proper cut depth helps to reduce potential for dangerous KICKBACKS which can cause personal injury. Loosen the clamping screws in front and back, and tilt the tool to the desired angle for bevel cuts (0° to 45°).

When you wish to perform clean cutting operation, connect a Makita vacuum cleaner to your tool. These accessories or attachments are recommended for use with your Makita tool specified in this manual. The use of any other accessories or attachments might present a risk of injury to persons. Only use accessory or attachment for its stated purpose. If you need any assistance for more details regarding these accessories, ask your local Makita service center.

Hex wrench For European countries only Noise The typical A-weighted noise level determined according to EN60745: Sound pressure level (LpA): 93 dB (A) Sound power level (LwA): 104 dB (A) Uncertainty (K): 3 dB (A) Wear ear protection. Be sure to move the tool forward in a straight line gently. Forcing or twisting the tool will result in overheating the .



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