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You can read the recommendations in the user guide, the technical guide or the installation guide for LG F60. You'll find the answers to all your questions on the LG F60 in the user manual (information, specifications, safety advice, size, accessories, etc.). Detailed instructions for use are in the User's Guide.

**User manual LG F60**  
**User guide LG F60**  
**Operating instructions LG F60**  
**Instructions for use LG F60**  
**Instruction manual LG F60**



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**Manual abstract:**

@@@All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. 26 Installing the SIM card and battery . 28 Charging your phone . 30 Using the memory card . 60 Recording a sound or voice . 76 3 For Your Safety Important Information This user guide contains important information on the use and operation of this phone. Please read all the information carefully for optimal performance and to prevent any damage to or misuse of the phone. Any changes or modifications not expressly approved in this user guide could void your warranty for this equipment. before You Start Safety Instructions WARNING! To reduce the possibility of electric shock, do not expose your phone to high humidity areas, such as the bathroom, swimming pool, etc. Always store your phone away from heat.

Never store your phone in settings that may expose it to temperatures less than 32°F (0°C) or greater than 104°F (40°C), such as outside during extreme weather conditions or in your car on a hot day. Exposure to excessive cold or heat will result in malfunction, damage and/ or catastrophic failure. Be careful when using your phone near other electronic devices. RF emissions from your mobile phone may affect nearby in adequately shielded electronic equipment.

You should consult with manufacturers of any personal medical devices such as pacemakers and hearing aides to determine if they are susceptible to interference from your mobile phone.

Turn off your phone in a medical facility or at a gas station. Never place your phone in a microwave oven as this will cause the battery to explode. 4 Safety Information Read these simple guidelines. Breaking the rules may be dangerous or illegal. Further detailed information is given in this user guide.

□ Never use an unapproved battery since this could damage the phone and/or battery and could cause the battery to explode. □ Never place your phone in a microwave oven as it will cause the battery to explode. • Your phone contains an internal battery. Do not dispose of your battery by fire or with hazardous or flammable materials. □ Make sure that no sharpedged items come into contact with the battery. There is a risk of this causing a fire. □ Store the battery in a place out of reach of children. □ Be careful that children do not swallow any parts such as rubber plugs (earphone, connection parts of the phone, etc. □ Unplug the power cord and charger during lightning storms to avoid electric shock or fire. □ When riding in a car, do not leave your phone or set up the hands-free kit near to the air bag.

If wireless equipment is improperly installed and the air bag is activated, you may be seriously injured. □ Do not use a hand-held phone while driving. □ Do not use the phone in areas where its use is prohibited. (For example: aircraft). □ Do not expose the battery charger or adapter to direct sunlight or use it in places with high humidity, such as a bathroom. □ Never store your phone in temperatures less than -4°F (-20°C) or greater than 122°F (50°C). There is a risk of this causing a fire. □ Do not drop, strike, or shake your phone severely. Such actions may harm the internal circuit boards of the phone. □ Do not use your phone in high explosive areas as the phone may generate sparks.

□ Do not damage the power cord by bending, twisting, pulling, or heating. □ Do not use the plug if it is loose as it may cause a fire or electric shock. □ Do not place any heavy items on the power cord. Do not allow the power cord to be crimped as it may cause fire or electric shock. □ Do not handle the phone with wet hands while it is being charged.

It may cause an electric shock or seriously damage your phone. □ Do not disassemble the phone. □ Do not place or answer calls while charging the phone as it may short-circuit the phone and/or cause electric 5 ••••• shock or fire. Only use the batteries, antennas, and chargers provided by LG. The warranty will not be applied to products provided by other suppliers.

Only authorized personnel should service the phone and its accessories. Faulty installation or service may result in accidents and consequently invalidate the warranty. Do not hold or let the antenna come in contact with your body during a call. An emergency call can be made only within a service area. For an emergency call, make sure that you are within a service area and that the phone is turned on. Use accessories, such as earphones and headsets, with caution.

Ensure that cables are tucked away safely and do not touch the antenna unnecessarily. FCC RF Exposure Information WARNING! Read this information before operating the phone. In August 1996, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) of the United States, with its action in Report and Order FCC 96-326, adopted an updated safety standard for human exposure to radio frequency (RF) electromagnetic energy emitted by FCC regulated transmitters.

Those guidelines are consistent with the safety standard previously set by both U.

The design of this phone complies with the FCC guidelines and these international standards. cAUTION Use only the supplied and approved antenna. Use of unauthorized antennas or modifications could impair call quality, damage the phone, void your warranty and/or result in violation of FCC regulations. Do not use the phone with a damaged antenna. If a damaged antenna comes into contact with skin, a minor burn may result. Contact your local dealer for a replacement antenna. Body-worn Operation This device was tested for typical body-worn operations with the back of the phone kept 1 cm (0. 39 inches) between the user's body and the back of the phone. To comply with FCC/IC RF exposure requirements, a minimum separation distance of 1 cm (0. 39 inches) must be maintained between the user's body and the back of the phone.

39 inches) separation distance between the user's body and the back of the phone, and have not been tested for typical bodyworn operations may not comply with FCC/IC RF exposure limits and should be avoided. ) and RSS General Requirement: This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules and Industry Canada Licence-exempt RSS standard(s) Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device will not cause harmful interference; and (2)

This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device Cautions for Battery ••••Do not disassemble. Battery Disposal ••Please dispose of your battery properly or bring to your local wireless carrier for recycling. your phone contains an internal battery. Do not dispose of your battery by fire or with hazardous or flammable materials.

Adapter (Charger) Cautions ••Using the wrong battery charger could damage your phone and void your warranty. The adapter or battery charger is intended for indoor use only. Do not expose the adapter or battery charger to direct sunlight or use it in places with high humidity, such as 7 the bathroom.



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Avoid damage to your hearing • • Damage to your hearing can occur if you are exposed to loud sounds for long periods of time. We therefore recommend that you do not turn on or off the handset close to your ear.

We also recommend that music and call volumes are set to a reasonable level. If you are listening to music whilst out and about, please ensure that the volume is at a reasonable level so that you are aware of your surroundings. This is particularly imperative when attempting to cross the street. 8 Safety Guidelines TIA Safety Information Provided herein is the complete TIA Safety Information for Wireless Handheld phones. Inclusion of the text covering Pacemakers, Hearing Aids, and Other Medical Devices is required in the owner's manual for CTIA Certification. Use of the remaining TIA language is encouraged when appropriate. Exposure to Radio Frequency Signal Your wireless handheld portable telephone is a low power radio transmitter and receiver. When it is ON, it receives and also sends out radio frequency (RF) signals. In August, 1996, the Federal Communications Commissions (FCC) adopted RF exposure guidelines with safety levels for handheld wireless phones. Those guidelines are consistent with the safety standards previously set by both U.

1 (1992) \* NCRP Report 86 (1986) ICNIRP (1996) Those standards were based on comprehensive and periodic evaluations of the relevant scientific literature. For example, over 120 scientists, engineers, and physicians from universities, government health agencies, and industry reviewed the available body of research to develop the ANSI Standard (C95. 1). \* American National Standards Institute; National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements; International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection The design of your phone complies with the FCC guidelines (and those standards). antenna Care Use only the supplied or an approved replacement antenna. Unauthorized antennas, modifications, or attachments could damage the phone and may violate FCC regulations. Phone Operation NORMAL POSITION: Hold the phone as you would any other telephone with the antenna pointed up and over your shoulder. 9 Tips on Efficient Operation For your phone to operate most efficiently: • Do not touch the antenna unnecessarily when the phone is in use. Contact with the antenna affects call quality and may cause the phone to operate at a higher power level than otherwise needed. Driving Check the laws and regulations on the use of wireless phones in the areas where you drive.

always obey them. Also, if using your phone while driving, please: • Give full attention to driving - driving safely is your first responsibility; • Use hands-free operation, if available; • Pull off the road and park before making or answering a call if driving conditions so require. electronic Devices Most modern electronic equipment is shielded from RF signals. However, certain electronic equipment may not be shielded against the RF signals from your wireless phone. Pacemakers The Health Industry Manufacturers Association recommends that a minimum separation of six (6") inches be maintained between a handheld wireless phone and a pacemaker to avoid potential interference with the pacemaker.

These recommendations are consistent with the independent research by and recommendations of Wireless Technology Research. Persons with pacemakers: • Should ALWAYS keep the phone more than six inches from their pacemaker when the phone is turned ON; • Should not carry the phone in a breast pocket. □ Should use the ear opposite the pacemaker to minimize the potential for interference. □ If you have any reason to suspect that interference is taking place, turn your phone OFF immediately. 10 Hearing Aids Some digital wireless phones may interfere with some hearing aids.

In the event of such interference, you may want to consult your service provider. Other Medical Devices If you use any other personal medical device, consult the manufacturer of your device to determine if they are adequately shielded from external RF energy. Your physician may be able to assist you in obtaining this information. Health Care Facilities Turn your phone OFF in health care facilities when any regulations posted in these areas instruct you to do so. Hospitals or health care facilities may use equipment that could be sensitive to external RF energy. vehicles RF signals may affect improperly installed or inadequately shielded electronic systems in motor vehicles. Check with the manufacturer or its representative regarding your vehicle. You should also consult the manufacturer of any equipment that has been added to your vehicle. Posted Facilities Turn your phone OFF in any facility where posted notices so require. Aircraft FCC regulations prohibit using your phone while in the air.

Turn your phone OFF before boarding an aircraft. 11 Blasting Areas To avoid interfering with blasting operations, turn your phone OFF when in a 'blasting areas or in areas posted: 'Turn off two-way radio'. obey all signs and instructions. Potentially Explosive Atmosphere Turn your phone OFF when in any area with a potentially explosive atmosphere and obey all signs and instructions. sparks in such areas could cause an explosion or fire resultine phone if the antenna is damaged. If a damaged antenna contacts skin, it may cause a slight burn. please contact an LG Authorized Service Centre to replace the damaged antenna. Do not immerse your phone in water. If this happens, turn it off immediately and remove the battery. If the phone does not work, take it to an LG Authorized Service Centre.

Do not paint your phone. The data saved in your phone might be deleted due to careless use, repair of the phone, or upgrade of the software. Please backup your important phone numbers. (Ring tones, text messages, voice messages, pictures, and videos could also be deleted. ) The manufacturer is not liable for damage due to the loss of data.

When you use the phone in public places, set the ring tone to vibration so as not to disturb others. Do not turn your phone on or off when putting it near your ear. Your phone is an electronic device that generates heat during normal operation. Extremely prolonged, direct skin contact in the absence of adequate ventilation may result in discomfort or minor burns. Therefore, use care when handling your phone during or immediately after operation.

Do not attempt to repair or modify the device yourself. Your device is equipped with an internal rechargeable battery which should be replaced only by LG or an authorized LG repair centre. You should never attempt to open or disassemble this device yourself and doing so may cause damage that will void your warranty. Food and Drug Administration Centre for Devices and Radiological Health Consumer Update on Mobile Phones. The available scientific evidence does not show that any health problems are associated with using wireless phones. There is no proof, however, that wireless phones are absolutely safe.



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Wireless phones emit low levels of radio frequency energy (RF) in the microwave range while being used. They also emit very low levels of RF when in the standby mode. Whereas high levels of RF can produce health effects (by heating tissue), exposure to low level RF that does not produce heating effects causes no known adverse health effects. Many studies of low level RF exposures have not found any biological effects.

Some studies have suggested that some biological effects may occur, but such findings have not been confirmed by additional research. In some cases, other researchers have had difficulty in reproducing those studies, or in determining the reasons for inconsistent results. 2. What is the FDA's role concerning the safety of wireless phones? Under the law, the FDA does not review the safety of radiation emitting consumer products such as wireless phones before they can be sold, as it does with new drugs or medical devices. However, the agency has authority to take action if wireless phones are shown to emit radio frequency energy (RF) at a level that is hazardous to the user. In such a case, the FDA could require the manufacturers of wireless phones to notify users of the health hazard and to repair, replace, or recall the phones so that the hazard no longer exists. Although the existing scientific data do not justify FDA regulatory actions, the FDA has urged the wireless phone industry to take a number of steps, including the following: • Support needed research into possible biological effects of RF of the type emitted by wireless phones; • Design wireless phones in a way that minimizes any RF exposure to the user that is not necessary for device function; and • Cooperate in providing of wireless phones with the best possible information on possible effects of wireless phone use on human health.

The FDA belongs to an interagency working group of the federal agencies that have responsibility for different aspects of RF safety to ensure coordinated efforts at the federal level. The following agencies belong to this working group: • National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health • Environmental Protection Agency • Occupational Safety and Health Administration (Administración de la seguridad y salud laborales) • Occupational Safety and Health Administration • National Telecommunications and Information Administration The National Institutes of Health participates in some interagency working group activities, as well. The FDA shares regulatory responsibilities for wireless phones with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

All phones that are sold in the United States must comply with FCC safety guidelines that limit RF exposure. The FCC relies on the FDA and other health agencies for safety questions about wireless phones. The FCC also regulates the base stations that the wireless phone networks rely upon. While these base stations operate at higher power than do the wireless phones themselves, the RF exposures that people get from these base stations are typically thousands of times lower than those they can get from wireless phones. Base stations are thus not the subject of the safety questions discussed in this document.

15 3. What kinds of phones are the subject of this update? The term 'wireless phone' refers here to handheld wireless phones with builtin antennas, often called 'cell', 'mobile', or 'PCS' phones. These types of wireless phones can expose the user to measurable radiofrequency energy (RF) because of the short distance between the phone and the user's head. These RF exposures are limited by FCC safety guidelines that were developed with the advice of the FDA and other federal health and safety agencies. When the phone is located at greater distances from the user, the exposure to RF is drastically lower because a person's RF exposure decreases rapidly with increasing distance from the source.

The so-called 'cordless phones,' which have a base unit connected to the telephone wiring in a house, typically operate at far lower power levels, and thus produce RF exposures far below the FCC safety limits. 4. What are the results of the research done already? The research done thus far has produced conflicting results, and many studies have suffered from flaws in their research methods. Animal experiments investigating the effects of radiofrequency energy (RF) exposures characteristic of wireless phones have yielded conflicting results that often cannot be repeated in other laboratories. A few animal studies, however, have suggested that low levels of RF could accelerate the development of cancer in laboratory animals. However, many of the studies that showed increased tumor development used animals that had been genetically engineered or treated with cancer causing chemicals so as to be predisposed to develop cancer in the absence of RF exposure. Other studies exposed the animals to RF for up to 22 hours per day. These conditions are not similar to the conditions under which people use wireless phones, so we don't know with certainty what the results of such studies mean for human health. Three large epidemiology studies have been published since December 2000. Between them, the studies investigated any possible association between the use of wireless phones and primary brain cancer, glioma, meningioma, or acoustic neuroma, tumors of the brain or salivary gland, leukemia, or other cancers.

None of the studies demonstrated the existence of any harmful health effects from wireless phone RF exposures. However, none of the studies can answer questions about longterm exposures, since the average period of phone use in these studies was around three years. 5. What research is needed to decide whether RF exposure from wireless phones poses a health risk? A combination of laboratory studies and epidemiological studies of people actually using wireless phones would provide some of the data that are needed. Lifetime animal exposure studies could be completed in a few years. However, very large numbers of animals would be needed to provide reliable proof of a cancer promoting effect if one exists. Epidemiological studies can provide data that is directly applicable to human populations, but 10 or more years follow-up may be needed to provide answers about some health effects, such as cancer. This is because the interval between the time of exposure to a cancer-causing agent and the time tumors develop - if they do may be many, many years. The interpretation of epidemiological studies is hampered by difficulties in measuring actual RF exposure during day-to-day use of wireless phones. Many factors affect this measurement, such as the angle at which the phone is held, or which model of phone is used.

16 6. What is the FDA doing to find out more about the possible health effects of wireless phone RF? The FDA is working with the U. s. National Toxicology Program and with groups of investigators around the world to ensure that high priority animal studies are conducted to address important questions about the effects of exposure to radiofrequency energy (RF).



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The FDA has been a leading participant in the World Health Organization International Electromagnetic Fields (EMF) Project since its inception in 1996. An influential result of this work has been the development of a detailed agenda of research needs that has driven the establishment of new research programs around the world. The project has also helped develop a series of public information documents on EMF issues. The FDA and the Cellular Telecommunications & Internet Association (CTIA) have a formal Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) to do research on wireless phone safety. The FDA provides the scientific oversight, obtaining input from experts in government, industry, and academic organizations. CTIA funded research is conducted through contracts with independent investigators.

The initial research will include both laboratory studies and studies of wireless phone users. The CRADA will also include a broad assessment of additional research needs in the context of the latest research developments around the world. 7. How can I find out how much radiofrequency energy exposure I can get by using my wireless phone? All phones sold in the United States must comply with Federal Communications Commission (FCC) guidelines that limit radiofrequency energy (RF) exposures. The FCC established these guidelines in consultation with the FDA and the other federal health and safety agencies. The FCC limit for RF exposure from wireless telephones is set at a Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of 1. The FCC limit is consistent with the safety standards developed by the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineering (IEEE) and the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurement. The exposure limit takes into consideration the body's ability to remove heat from the tissues that absorb energy from the wireless phone and is set well below levels known to have effects. Manufacturers of wireless phones must report the RF exposure level for each model of phone to the FCC. Gov/oe/rfsafety) gives directions for locating the FCC identification number on your phone so you can find your phone's RF exposure level in the online listing.

8. What has the FDA done to measure the radiofrequency energy coming from wireless phones? The Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) is developing a technical standard for measuring the radiofrequency energy (RF) exposure from wireless phones and other wireless handsets with the participation and leadership of FDA scientists and engineers. The standard, 'Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial- Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques,' sets forth the first consistent test methodology for measuring the rate at which RF is deposited in the heads of wireless phone users. The test method uses a tissue simulating model of the human head. Standardized SAR test methodology is expected to greatly improve the consistency of measurements made at different laboratories on the same phone. SAR is the measurement of the amount of energy absorbed in tissue, either by the whole body or a small part of the body. it is measured in watts/kg (or milliwatts/g) of matter. 17 This measurement is used to determine whether a wireless phone complies with safety guidelines. 9. What steps can I take to reduce my exposure to radiofrequency energy from my wireless phone? If there is a risk from these products - and at this point we do not know that there is - it is probably very small.

But if you are concerned about avoiding even potential risks, you can take a few simple steps to minimize your exposure to radiofrequency energy (RF). Since time is a key factor in how much exposure a person receives, reducing the amount of time spent using a wireless phone will reduce RF exposure. If you must conduct extended conversations by wireless phone every day, you could place more distance between your body and the source of the RF, since the exposure level drops off dramatically with distance. For example, you could use a headset and carry the wireless phone away from your body or use a wireless phone connected to a remote antenna. Again, the scientific data does not demonstrate that wireless phones are harmful.

But if you are concerned about the RF exposure from these products, you can use measures like those described above to reduce your RF exposure from wireless phone use. 10. What about children using wireless phones? The scientific evidence does not show a danger to users of wireless phones, including children and teenagers. If you want to take steps to lower exposure to radiofrequency energy (RF), the measures described above would apply to children and teenagers using wireless phones. Reducing the time of wireless phone use and increasing the distance between the user and the RF source will reduce RF exposure.

Some groups sponsored by other national governments have advised that children be discouraged from using wireless phones at all. For example, the government in the United Kingdom distributed leaflets containing such a recommendation in December 2000. They noted that no evidence exists that using a wireless phone causes brain tumors or other ill effects. Their recommendation to limit wireless phone use by children was strictly precautionary; it was not based on scientific evidence that any health hazard exists. 11. What about wireless phone interference with medical equipment? Radiofrequency energy (RF) from wireless phones can interact with some electronic devices. For this reason, the FDA helped develop a detailed test method to measure electromagnetic interference (EMI) of implanted cardiac pacemakers and defibrillators from wireless telephones. This test method is now part of a standard sponsored by the Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI). The final draft, a joint effort by the FDA, medical device manufacturers, and many other groups, was completed in late 2000. This standard will allow manufacturers to ensure that cardiac pacemakers and defibrillators are safe from wireless phone EMI.

The FDA has tested hearing aids for interference from handheld wireless phones and helped develop a voluntary standard sponsored by the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE). This standard specifies test methods and performance requirements for hearing aids and wireless phones so that no interference occurs when a person uses a 'compatible' phone and a 'compatible' hearing aid at the same time. This standard was approved by the IEEE in 2000. The FDA continues to monitor the use of wireless phones for possible interactions with other medical devices. Should harmful interference be found to occur, the FDA will conduct testing to assess the 18 interference and work to resolve the problem. For additional information, please refer to the following resources: FDA web page on wireless phones (<http://www.fda.gov/oc/ohrt/>) 10 Driver Safety Tips Your wireless phone gives you the powerful ability to communicate by voice almost anywhere, anytime.



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An important responsibility accompanies the benefits of wireless phones, one that every user must uphold. When operating a car, driving is your first responsibility. When using your wireless phone behind the wheel of a car, practice good common sense and remember the following tips: 1. Get to know your wireless phone and its features such as speed dial and redial. Carefully read your instruction manual and learn to take advantage of valuable features most phones offer, including automatic redial and memory. Also, work to memorize the phone keypad so you can use the speed dial function without taking your attention off the road. 2. When available, use a handsfree device. A number of handsfree wireless phone accessories are readily available today. Whether you choose an installed mounted device for your wireless phone or a speaker phone accessory, take advantage of these devices if available to you. 3. Position your wireless phone within easy reach. Make sure you place your wireless phone within easy reach and where you can reach it without removing your eyes from the road. If you get an incoming call at an inconvenient time, if possible, let your voicemail answer it for you. 4. Suspend conversations during hazardous driving conditions or situations. Let the person you are speaking with know you are driving; if necessary, suspend the call in heavy traffic or hazardous weather conditions. Rain, sleet, snow and ice can be hazardous, but so is heavy traffic. As a driver, your first responsibility is to pay attention to the road. 5. Do not take notes or look up phone numbers while driving. If you are reading an address book or business 19 card, or writing a "to-do" list while driving a car, you are not watching where you are going. it is common sense.

Don't get caught in a dangerous situation because you are reading or writing and not paying attention to the road or nearby vehicles. 6. Dial sensibly and assess the traffic; if possible, place calls when you are not moving or before pulling into traffic. Try to plan your calls before you begin your trip or attempt to coincide your calls with times you may be stopped at a stop sign, red light or otherwise stationary. But if you need to dial while driving, follow this simple tip — dial only a few numbers, check the road and your mirrors, then continue. 7. Do not engage in stressful or emotional conversations that may be distracting. Stressful or emotional conversations and driving do not mix; they are distracting and even dangerous when you are behind the wheel of a car. Make people you are talking with aware you are driving and if necessary, suspend conversations which have the potential to divert your attention from the road. 8. Use your wireless phone to call for help. Your wireless phone is one of the greatest tools you can own to protect yourself and your family in dangerous situations — with your phone at your side, help is only three numbers away. Dial 911 or other local emergency number in the case of fire, traffic accident, road hazard or medical emergency. Remember, it is a free call on your wireless phone! 9. Use your wireless phone to help others in emergencies. Your wireless phone provides you a perfect opportunity to be a "Good Samaritan" in your community. If you see an auto accident, crime in progress or other serious emergency where lives are in danger, call 911 or other local emergency number, as you would want others to do for you. 10. Call roadside assistance or a special wireless nonemergency assistance number when necessary. Certain situations you encounter while driving may require attention, but are not urgent enough to merit a call for emergency services.

But you can still use your wireless phone to lend a hand. If you see a broken-down vehicle posing no serious hazard, a broken traffic signal, a minor traffic accident where no one appears injured or a vehicle you know to be stolen, call roadside assistance or other special non-emergency wireless number. For more information, please call to 888- 901-SAFE. Consumer Information on SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) This Model Phone Meets the Government's Requirements for Exposure to Radio Waves. Your wireless phone is a radio transmitter and receiver. It is designed and manufactured not to exceed the emission limits for exposure to radiofrequency (RF) energy set by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) of the U. These limits are part of comprehensive guidelines and establish permitted levels of RF 20 energy for the general population. The guidelines are based on standards that were developed by independent scientific organizations through periodic and thorough evaluation of scientific studies. The standards include a substantial safety margin designed to assure the safety of all persons, regardless of age and health. The exposure standard for wireless mobile phones employs a unit of measurement known as the Specific Absorption Rate, or SAR.

The SAR limit set by the FCC is 1.6 W/kg. \* Tests for SAR are conducted using standard operating positions specified by the FCC with the phone transmitting at its highest certified power level in all tested frequency bands. Although SAR is determined at the highest certified power level, the actual SAR level of the phone while operating can be well below the maximum value. Because the phone is designed to operate at multiple power levels to use only the power required to reach the network, in general, the closer you are to a wireless base station antenna, the lower the power output. Before a phone model is available for sale to the public, it must be tested and certified to the FCC that it does not exceed the limit established by the government adopted requirement for safe exposure. The tests are performed in positions and locations (e. g. , at the ear and worn on the body) as required by the FCC for each model. 18 W/kg (Body measurements differ among phone models, depending upon available accessories and FCC requirements).

While there may be differences between SAR levels of various phones and at various positions, they all meet the government requirement for safe exposure. The FCC has granted an Equipment Authorization for this model phone with all reported SAR levels evaluated as in compliance with the FCC RF emission guidelines. SAR information on this model phone is on file with the FCC and can be found under the Display Grant section of <http://www.fcc.gov>. Additional information on Specific Absorption Rates (SAR) can be found on the Cellular Telecommunications Industry Association (CTIA) website at <http://www.ctia.org/>. \* In the United States and Canada, the SAR limit for mobile phones used by the public is 1.6 watts/kg (W/kg) averaged over one gram of tissue. The standard incorporates a substantial margin of safety to give additional protection for the public and to account for any variations in measurements. \* Product meets current FCC & IC Radio Frequency Exposure Guidelines. FCC ID: ZNFMS395 IC ID: 2703C-D393 21 Important notice Please read this before you start using your phone! Please check to see whether any problems you encountered with your phone are described in this section before taking the phone in for service or calling a service representative.



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1. **Phone memory** When there is less than 10% of space available in your phone memory, your phone cannot receive new messages. You need to check your phone memory and delete some data, such as applications or messages, to make more memory available. to uninstall applications: 1 Tap >> Apps tab > Settings > Apps. 2 Once all applications appear, scroll to and select the application you want to uninstall. Optimizing battery life Extend your battery's power by turning off features that you don't have to run constantly in the background. You can monitor how applications and system resources consume battery power. Extending your phone's battery life: •Turn off radio communications when you are not using. If you are not using Wi-Fi, Bluetooth or GPS, turn them off. •Reduce screen brightness and set a shorter screen timeout.

□ Turn off automatic syncing for Gmail, Calendar, Contacts and other applications. □ Some applications you have downloaded may reduce battery power. □ While using downloaded applications, check the battery charge level. To check the battery power level: •Tap >> Apps tab > Settings > About phone > Battery. The battery status (charging or discharging) and battery level (percentage charged) is displayed at the top of the screen. 22 To monitor and control how battery power is being used: •Tap >> Apps tab > Settings > About phone > Battery > Battery use. Battery usage time is displayed on the screen. It tells you how long it has been since you last connected your phone to a power source or, if currently connected, how long the phone was last running on battery power. The screen shows the applications or services using battery power, listed in order from the greatest to smallest amount used. 3.

Before installing an open source application and OS WARNING If you install and use an OS other than the one provided by the manufacturer it may cause your phone to malfunction. In addition, your phone will no longer be covered by the warranty. WARNING To protect your phone and personal data, only download applications from trusted sources, such as Play Store™. If there are improperly installed applications on your phone, the phone may not work normally or a serious error may occur. You must uninstall those applications and all associated data and settings from the phone.

4. **Using an unlock pattern** Set an unlock pattern to secure your phone. tap >> Apps tab > Settings > Lock screen > Select screen lock > Pattern. This opens a screen that will guide you through how to draw a screen unlock pattern. You have to create a Backup PIN as a safety measure in case you forget your unlock pattern.

Caution: Create a Google account before setting an unlock pattern and remember the Backup PIN you created when creating your pattern lock. 23 WARNING Precautions to take when using pattern lock. It is very important to remember the unlock pattern you set. You will not be able to access your phone if you use an incorrect pattern 5 times. You have 5 opportunities to enter your unlock pattern, PIN or password. If you have used all 5 opportunities, you can try again after 30 seconds. When you can't recall your unlock Pattern, PIN or Password: < If you have forgotten your pattern > If you logged in to your Google account on the phone but failed to enter the correct pattern 5 times, tap the Forgot pattern? Button at the bottom of the screen. You are then required to log in with your Google Account or you have to enter the Backup PIN which you entered when creating your Pattern Lock. If you have not created a Google account on the phone or you forgot Backup PIN, you have to perform a hard reset. < If you have forgotten your PIN or Password > If you forget your PIN or Password, you will need to perform a hard reset.

caution: If you perform a hard reset , all user applications and user data will be deleted. NOTE: If you have not logged into your Google Account and have forgotten your Unlock Pattern, you will need to enter your Backup PIN. 5. **Using the Hard Reset (Factory Reset)** If your phone does not restore to its original condition, use a Hard Reset (Factory Reset) to initialize it. 1 Turn the power off. 2 Press and hold the Power/Lock Key + Volume Down Key on the phone. 3 Release the Power/Lock Key only when the LG logo is displayed, then immediately press and hold the Power/Lock Key again. 4 Release all keys when the Factory data reset screen is displayed. 5 Press the Volume Key to scroll to the desired option, then press the Power/Lock Key to confirm. 6 Press the Volume Key to scroll to the desired option, then press the Power/Lock Key to confirm one more time.

24 WARNING If you perform a Hard Reset , all user applications , user data and DRM licenses will be deleted. Please remember to backup any important data before performing a Hard Reset. 6. **Opening and switching applications** Multi-tasking is easy with Android, you can keep more than one application running at the same time. There is no need to quit an application before opening another one.

Use and switch between several open applications. Android manages each application, stopping and starting them as needed to ensure that idle applications don't consume resources unnecessarily. 2 Tap the application you want to access. This does not stop the previous app running in the background on to exit an app after using it. the phone.

Make sure to tap Back Key •To remove an app from the recent apps list, swipe the app preview to the left or right. Transferring music, photos and videos using Media sync (MTP) 1 2 3 4 Tap >> Apps tab > Settings > Storage to check out the storage media. Connect the phone to your PC using the USB cable.

USB PC connection will appear on your phone screen, select the Media device (MTP) option. Open the memory folder on your PC. You can view the mass storage content on your PC and transfer the files from PC to Device memory folder or vice versa. 8. **Hold your phone upright** Hold your cell phone vertically, as you would a regular phone. your phone has an internal antenna. Be careful not to scratch or damage the back of the phone, as this may affect performance.

When making/receiving calls or sending/receiving data, avoid holding the lower part of the phone where the antenna is located. Doing so may affect call quality. 25 **Getting to know your phone** Phone overview Earpiece Proximity Sensor Volume keys Home key Return to the Home screen from any screen. Back key •Return to the previous screen. •Exit an app after using it. Power/Lock Key •Switch your phone on/off by pressing and holding this key. NOTE: Proximity sensor When receiving and making calls, the proximity sensor automatically turns the backlight off and locks the touch screen by sensing when the phone is near your ear. This extends battery life and prevents you from unintentionally activating the touch screen during calls. WARNING Placing a heavy object on the phone or sitting on it can damage the LCD and touch screen functions.



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Do not cover the LCD proximity sensor with protective film.

This could cause the sensor to malfunction. 26 Volume keys • In the Home screen: Control ringer volume. Power/Lock key Earphone Jack Microphone Charger/USB Port Camera lens Flash Battery cover Battery microSD Card slot SIM card slot Speaker 27 Installing the SIM card and battery Before you can start exploring your new phone, you'll need to set it up. To insert the SIM card and battery. 1 To remove the battery cover, hold the phone firmly in one hand.

With your other hand, lift off the battery cover with your thumbnail as shown in figure. 2 Push down and slide the SIM card into its slots as shown in the figure. Make sure the gold contact area on the card is facing downwards. 28 3 Insert the battery into place by aligning the gold contacts on the phone and the battery (1) and pressing it down until it clicks into place (2). 4 Align the battery cover over the battery compartment (1) and press it down until it clicks into place (2).

29 Charging your phone Charge the battery before using it for the first time. Use the charger to charge the battery. A computer can be also used to charge the device by connecting them via the USB cable. **WARNING** Use only LG-approved chargers, batteries, and cables. When using unapproved chargers or cables, it may cause battery charging delay or pop-up message regarding slow charging. Or, unapproved chargers or cables can cause the battery to explode or damage the device, which are not covered by the warranty. The charger connector is at the bottom of the phone. Insert the charger and plug it into an electrical outlet. **NOTE:** • The battery must be fully charged initially to improve battery lifetime. □ Do not open the back cover while your phone is charging.

Using the memory card Your phone supports the use of microSDTM or microSDHCTM memory cards of up to 32 GB capacity. These memory cards are specifically designed for mobile phones and other ultra-small devices, and are ideal for storing media-rich files such as music, programs, videos, and photographs for use with your phone. 30 To insert a memory card: Insert the memory card into the slot. Make sure the gold contact area is facing downwards. To safely remove the memory card: > Apps tab > Settings > Storage > Unmount SD card. Touch **NOTE:** • Use only compatible memory cards with your phone. Using incompatible memory cards may damage the card and data stored on the card, as well as the phone. □ As the device uses FAT32, the maximum size for any given file is 4 GB. **WARNING** Do not insert or remove the memory card when the phone is ON. Doing so may damage the memory card as well as your phone, and the data stored on the memory card may become corrupt.

To format the memory card: Your memory card may already be formatted. If it isn't, you must format it before you can use it. **NOTE:** All files on your memory card are deleted when it is formatted. Touch Erase SD card > Erase SD card > Erase everything. If you have set a pattern lock, input the pattern lock then select Erase everything.

31 **NOTE:** If there is content on your memory card, the folder structure may be different after formatting, as all the files will have been deleted. Locking and unlocking the screen If you do not use the phone for a while, the screen will be automatically turned off and locked. This helps to prevent accidental taps and saves battery power. When you are not using the phone, press the Power/Lock key to lock your phone. If there are any programs running when you lock your screen, they may be still running in Lock mode.

It is recommended that you exit all programs before entering Lock mode to avoid unnecessary charges (e. To wake up your phone, press the Power/Lock key. The Lock screen will appear. Touch and slide the Lock screen in any direction to unlock your Home screen. The last screen you viewed will open. 32 Your Home screen Touch screen tips Here are some tips on how to navigate on your phone. Tap or touch – A single finger tap selects items, links, shortcuts and letters on the on-screen keyboard. Touch and hold – Touch and hold an item on the screen by tapping it and not lifting your finger until an action occurs. For example, to open a contact's available options, touch and hold the contact in the Contacts list until the context menu opens. Drag – Touch and hold an item for a moment and then, without lifting your finger, move your finger on the screen until you reach the target position.

You can drag items on the Home screen to reposition them. Swipe or slide – To swipe or slide, quickly move your finger across the surface of the screen, without pausing when you first tap it (so you don't drag an item instead). For example, you can slide the screen up or down to scroll through a list, or browse through the different Home screens by swiping from left to right (and vice versa). double-tap – Double-tap to zoom on a webpage or a map. For example, quickly double-tap a section of a webpage to adjust that section to fit the width of the screen. You can also double-tap to zoom in and out while viewing the picture. Pinch-to-Zoom – Use your index finger and thumb in a pinching or spreading motion to zoom in or out when using the browser or Maps, or when browsing pictures. Rotate the screen – From many applications and menus, the orientation of the screen adjusts to the device's physical orientation. **NOTE:** •

To select an item, tap the center of the icon. □ Do not press too hard; the tap screen is sensitive enough to pick up a light, yet firm tap. □ Use the tip of your finger to tap the option you want. Be careful not to tap any other keys. Home screen The Home screen is the starting point for many applications and functions, and it allows you to add items like application shortcuts, or Google widgets to give you instant access to information and applications. This is the . Default canvas and accessible from any menu by tapping 33 Status Bar Shows phone's status information including the time, signal strength, battery status, and notification icons.

Widget Widgets are self-contained applications that can be accessed through the Apps screen or on the Home screen or an extended home screen. Location Indicator Indicates which Home screen canvas you are viewing. Quick Key Area Provides one-touch access to the function in any home screen canvas. Extended home screen The operating system provides multiple Home screen canvases to provide more space for adding icons, widgets, and more. □ Slide your finger left or right across the Home screen.

34 Customizing the Home screen You can customize your Home screen by adding apps, widgets or changing wallpapers. To add items on your Home screen 1 Touch and hold the empty part of the Home screen. 2 In the Add Mode menu, select the item you wish to add. You will then see this added item on the Home screen. 3 Drag it to the desired location and lift your finger. **!IP!** To add an application icon to the Home screen from the Apps menu, touch and hold the application you want to add.



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To remove an item from the Home screen □ Home screen > touch and hold the icon you want to remove > drag it to . To add an app as a Quick key □ From the Apps menu or on the Home screen, touch and hold an application icon and drag it to the Quick key area. To remove an app from the Quick key area □ Touch and hold the desired quick key and drag it to Apps key cannot be removed. .

NOTE: To customize apps icons on the Home screen 1 Touch and hold an application icon until it is unlocked from its current position. Then drop it on the screen. The editing icon will appear in the upper right corner of the application. @@@@ 2 Tap an icon to open the application. Or tap to return to your previous screen. @@@@ @@@@ Quick Toggle Area Tap each quick toggle key to turn it on/off. Touch and hold the key to access the settings menu of the function. To see more toggle keys, to remove, add, or rearrange toggle keys. swipe left or right. Tap Tap to clear all the notifications.

@@ tap a notification to view it. @@@@ The icons listed in the table below are some of the most common ones. @@ On-screen keyboard You can enter text using the on-screen keyboard. @@@@ tap to enter a space. Tap to create a new line.

tap to delete the previous character. @@@@ Then select the special character you want. @@@@ Once you have set up your Google account on your phone, your phone automatically synchronizes with your Google account on the Web. Your contacts, Gmail messages, Calendar events and other information from these applications and services on the Web are synchronized with your phone. (This will depend on your synchronization settings.

) After signing in, you can use Gmail™ and take advantage of Google services on your phone. □ 40 Connecting to Networks and Devices Wi-Fi With Wi-Fi, you can use high-speed Internet access within the coverage of the wireless access point (AP). Enjoy wireless Internet using Wi-Fi, without extra charges.

Connecting to Wi-Fi networks To use Wi-Fi on your phone, you need to access a wireless access point or 'hotspot'. Some access points are open and you can simply connect to them. Others are hidden or use security features; you must configure your phone to be able to connect to them. Turn off Wi-Fi when you're not using it to extend the life of your battery. NOTE: If you are out of the Wi-Fi zone or have set Wi-Fi to OFF, additional charges may be applied by your mobile operator for mobile data use. turning Wi-Fi on and connecting to a Wi-Fi network 1 Tap >> Apps tab > Settings > Wi-Fi. 2 Set Wi-Fi to ON to turn it on and start scanning for available Wi-Fi networks.

3 Tap the Wi-Fi menu again to see a list of active and in-range Wi-Fi networks. □ Secured networks are indicated by a lock icon. 4 Tap a network to connect to it. □ If the network is secured, you are prompted to enter a password or other credentials. (Ask your network administrator for details) 5 The status bar displays icons that indicate Wi-Fi status. 41 Bluetooth You can use Bluetooth to send data by running a corresponding application, but not from the Bluetooth menu as on most other mobile phones. NOTE: • LG is not responsible for the loss, interception or misuse of data sent or received via the Bluetooth wireless feature. □ Always ensure that you share and receive data with devices that are trusted and properly secured. If there are obstacles between the devices, the operating distance may be reduced. □ Some devices, especially those that are not tested or approved by Bluetooth SIG, may be incompatible with your device.

Turning on Bluetooth and pairing up your phone with a Bluetooth device You must pair your device with another device before you connect to it. You will see the option to make your phone visible and option to search devices. Now tap Search for devices to view the devices in the Bluetooth Range. 3 Choose the device you want to pair with from the list. Once the pairing is successful, your device will connect to the other device.

NOTE: Some devices, especially headsets or hands-free car kits, may have a fixed Bluetooth PIN, such as 0000. If the other device has a PIN, you will be asked to enter it. Send data using the Bluetooth wireless feature 1 Select a file or item, such as a contact, calendar event or media file, from an appropriate application or from Downloads. 2 Select the option for sending data via Bluetooth. NOTE: The method for selecting an option may vary by data type.

3 Search for and pair with a Bluetooth-enabled device. 42 Receive data using the Bluetooth wireless feature 1 Tap >> Apps tab > Settings > set Bluetooth to ON. 2 Tap the Bluetooth menu again and mark the checkbox at the top of the screen to make your phone visible to other devices. NOTE: To select the length of time that your device will be visible, tap timeout. 3 Select Accept to confirm that you are willing to receive data from the device. > Visibility Sharing your phone's data connection USB tethering and portable Wi-Fi hotspot are great features when there are no wireless connections available. You can share your phone's mobile data connection with a single computer via a USB cable (USB tethering). You can also share your phone's data connection with more than one device at a time by turning your phone into a portable Wi-Fi hotspot. When your phone is sharing its data connection, an icon appears in the status bar and as an ongoing notification in the notifications drawer. For the latest information about tethering and portable hotspots, including supported operating systems and other details, visit <http://www>.

If your computer is running Windows 7 or a recent distribution of some flavours of Linux (such as Ubuntu), you will not usually need to prepare your computer for tethering. But, if you are running an earlier version of Windows or another operating system, you may need to prepare your computer to establish a network connection via USB. For the most current information about which operating systems support USB tethering and how to configure them, visit <http://www>. 43 To rename or secure your portable hotspot You can change the name of your phone's Wi-Fi network name (SSID) and secure its Wi-Fi network. □ You can change the Wi-Fi name (SSID) that other devices see when scanning for Wi-Fi networks. □ You can also tap the Security menu to configure the network with Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 (WPA2) security using a pre-shared key (PSK). □ If you touch the WPA2 PSK security option, a password field is added to the Set up Wi-Fi hotspot dialogue box. If you enter a password, you will need to enter that password when you connect to the phone's hotspot with a computer or other device. You can set Open in the Security menu to remove security from your Wi-Fi network. If you set the security option as Open, you cannot prevent unauthorised usage of online services by other people and additional charges may be incurred.

To avoid unauthorized usage, you are advised to keep the security option active.



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**Wi-Fi Direct** Wi-Fi Direct supports a direct connection between Wi-Fi enabled devices without an access point. Due to the high battery usage of Wi-Fi direct, it is recommended that you plug your phone into a power outlet while using the Wi-Fi Direct feature. Check your Wi-Fi & Wi-Fi Directed network in advance and make sure the users are connected to the same network. PC connections with a USB cable Learn to connect your device to a PC with a USB cable in USB connection modes.

**Transferring music, photos and videos using the MTP mode** 1 Connect your phone to a PC using a USB cable. 2 You can now view the mass storage content on your PC and transfer the files. 44 Synchronize with Windows Media Player Ensure that Windows Media Player is installed on your PC. 1 Use the USB cable to connect the phone to a PC on which Windows Media Player has been installed. 2 Select the Media device (MTP) option.

When connected, a pop-up window will appear on the PC. 3 Open Windows Media Player to synchronize music files. 4 Edit or enter your device's name in the pop-up window (if necessary). 5 Select and drag the music files you want to the sync list. 6 Start synchronization. □ The following requirements must be satisfied to synchronize with Windows Media Player. Items OS Window Media Player version Requirement Microsoft Windows XP SP2, Vista or higher Windows Media Player 10 or higher 45 Calls Making a call 1 2 3 4 Tap to open the keypad. Enter the number using the keypad. To delete a digit, tap the Tap to make a call. To end a call, tap the End icon .

To enter "+" to make international calls, touch and hold . Calling your contacts 1 Tap to open your contacts. 2 Scroll through the contact list or enter the first few letters of the contact you want to call by tapping Search contacts. 3 In the list, tap you want to call. Answering and rejecting a call When you receive a call in Lock state, swipe the in any direction to Answer the incoming call. in any direction to Decline an incoming call. Swipe the Decline with message icon in any direction if you want to send a message. tIP! Decline with message You can send a message quickly using this function. This is useful if you need to reject a call with message during a meeting. Adjusting the in-call volume To adjust the in-call volume during a call, use the Volume up and down keys on the left side of the phone.

46 Making a second call 1 During your first call, tap > Add call and dial the number. You can also go to the recently dialled numbers list by tapping Call logs or can search contacts by tapping Contacts and selecting the contact you want to call. 2 Tap to make the call. 3 Both calls are displayed on the call screen. Your initial call is locked and put on hold.

4 Tap the displayed number to toggle between calls. or tap Merge calls to start a conference call. 5 To end active calls, tap End or tap and slide the notification bar down and select the End call icon . NOTE: You are charged for each call you make. Viewing your call logs On the Home screen, tap and choose the Call logs.

View a complete list of all dialled, received and missed calls. tIP! □ • Tap any call log entry to view the date, time and duration of the call. Tap , then tap Delete all to delete all the recorded items. Call settings You can configure phone call settings such as call forwarding, as well as other special features offered by your carrier. 3 Tap Call settings and choose the options that you wish to adjust. 47 Contacts Add contacts to your phone and synchronize them with the contacts in your Google account or other accounts that support contact syncing. Searching for a contact On the Home screen 1 Tap to open your contacts. 2 Tap Search contacts and enter the contact name using the keyboard. Adding a new contact 1 Tap , enter the new contact's number, then tap . tap Add to Contacts > New contact.

2 If you want to add a picture to the new contact, tap the image area. Choose from Take photo, Select from Gallery. 3 Select the contact type by tapping . 4 Tap a category of contact information and enter the details about your contact. 5 Tap Save. Favourites contacts You can classify frequently called contacts as favourites. Adding a contact to your favourites 1 Tap to open your contacts. 2 Tap a contact to view its details. 3 Tap the star to the right corner of the contact's name. The star will turn yellow color.

48 Removing a contact from your favourites list 1 Tap to open your contacts. 2 Tap Favourites, and choose a contact to view its details. 3 Tap the yellow color star to the right corner of the contact's name. The star turns grey color and the contact is removed from your favourites. Enter a name for the new group.

You can also set a ringtone for the newly created group. tap Save to save the group. NOTE: If you delete a group, the contacts assigned to that group will not be lost. They will remain in your contacts. 49 Messaging Your phone combines SMS and MMS into one intuitive, easy-to-use menu.

wARNING: LG message should be set up to default SMS app. If not, some message functions will be limited. Sending a message 1 Tap on the Home screen and tap to open a blank message. 2 Enter a contact name or contact number in the To field. As you enter the contact name, matching contacts will appear. you can tap a suggested recipient. You can add more than one contact. NOTE: You will be charged for a text message for every person to whom you send the message. 3 Tap the Enter message field and begin composing your message. 4 Tap to open the Options menu.

Choose from Quick message, Insert smiley, Schedule sending, Add subject and Discard. tIP! You can tap the icon to attach the file, that you want to share with message. WARNING: The 160-character limit may vary from country to country, depending on the language and how the SMS is coded. If an image, video or audio file is added to an SMS message, it is automatically converted into an MMS message and you are charged accordingly. □ • Threaded box

Messages (SMS, MMS) exchanged with another party can be displayed in chronological order so that you can conveniently see an overview of your conversation. 50 Changing your message settings Your phone message settings are pre-defined, so you can send messages immediately. You can change the settings according to your preferences. □ Tap the Messaging icon on the Home screen, tap and then tap Settings. 51 E-mail You can use the E-mail application to read emails from services like Gmail. The E-mail application supports the following account types: POP3, IMAP and Exchange.

Your service provider or system administrator can provide you with the account settings you need. Managing an email account The first time you open the E-mail application, a set-up wizard opens to help you to set up an email account. After the initial set-up, E-mail displays the contents of your inbox. To add another email account: • Tap > > Apps tab > E-mail > tap To change an email account's settings: • Tap > > Apps tab > E-mail > tap To delete an email account: • Tap > > Apps tab > E-mail > tap account to delete > Remove > select Yes.



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